(c) In those cases where the existence of applications and premarket notifications for drugs, animal drugs, biologic products, devices, or tobacco products has already been disclosed before the Agency approves the action, the Agency will ensure appropriate public involvement consistent with 40 CFR 1506.6 and part 1503 in preparing and implementing the NEPA procedures related to preparing EISs while following its own disclosure requirements including those listed in part 20 and 314.430(d), §§312.130(b), 514.11(d), 514.12(b), 601.51(d), 807.95(e), 812.38(b), and 814.9(d) of this chapter.

(d) Draft and final EIS's, comments, and responses will be included in the administrative record and will be available from the Division of Dockets Management (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852.

[62 FR 40592, July 29, 1997, as amended at 68 FR 24879, May 9, 2003; 80 FR 57535, Sept. 24, 2015]

Subpart F—Other Requirements

§ 25.60 Environmental effects abroad of major agency actions.

(a) In accordance with Executive Order 12114, "Environmental Effects Abroad of Major Federal Actions" of January 4, 1979 (44 FR 1957, January 9, 1979), the responsible agency official, in analyzing actions under his or her program, shall consider the environmental effects abroad, including whether the actions involve:

(1) Potential environmental effects on the global commons and areas outside the jurisdiction of any nation, e.g., oceans and the upper atmosphere.

(2) Potential environmental effects on a foreign nation not participating with or otherwise involved in an FDA activity.

(3) The export of products (or emissions) that in the United States are prohibited or strictly regulated because their effects on the environment create a serious public health risk.

(4) Potential environmental effects on natural and ecological resources of global importance designated under the Executive Order.

(b) Before deciding on any action falling into the categories specified in

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paragraph (a) of this section, the responsible agency official shall determine, in accordance with section 2-3 of the Executive Order, whether such actions may have a significant environmental effect abroad.

(c) If the responsible agency official determines that an action may have a significant environmental effect abroad, the responsible agency official shall determine, in accordance with section 2-4 (a) and (b) of the Executive Order, whether the subject action calls for:

(1) An EIS;

(2) A bilateral or multilateral environmental study; or

(3) A concise environmental review.

(d) In preparing environmental documents under this subpart, the responsible official shall:

(1) Determine, as provided in section 2–5 of the Executive Order, whether proposed actions are subject to the exemptions, exclusions, and modification in contents, timing, and availability of documents.

(2) Coordinate all communications with foreign governments concerning environmental agreements and other arrangements in implementing the Executive Order.

PART 26—MUTUAL RECOGNITION OF PHARMACEUTICAL GOOD MANUFACTURING PRACTICE RE-PORTS, MEDICAL DEVICE QUAL-ITY SYSTEM AUDIT REPORTS, AND CERTAIN MEDICAL DEVICE PRODUCT EVALUATION REPORTS: UNITED STATES AND THE EURO-PEAN COMMUNITY

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AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 552; 15 U.S.C. 1453, 1454, 1455; 18 U.S.C. 1905; 21 U.S.C. 321, 331, 351, 352, 355, 360, 360b, 360c, 360d, 360e, 360f, 360g, 360h, 360i, 360j, 360i, 360m, 371, 374, 381, 382, 383, 393; 42 U.S.C. 216, 241, 2421, 262, 264, 265.

SOURCE: 63 FR 60141, Nov. 6, 1998, unless otherwise noted.

§26.0 General.

This part substantially reflects relevant provisions of the framework agreement and its sectoral annexes on pharmaceutical good manufacturing practices (GMP's) and medical devices of the "Agreement on Mutual Recognition Between the United States of America and the European Community" (the MRA), signed at London May 18, 1998. For codification purposes, certain provisions of the MRA have been modified for use in this part. This modification is done for purposes of clarity only and shall not affect the text of the MRA concluded between the United States and the European Community (EC), or the rights and obligations of the United States or the EC under that agreement. Whereas the parties to the MRA are the United States and EC, this part is relevant

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only to the Food and Drug Administration's (FDA's) implementation of the MRA, including the sectoral annexes reflected in subparts A and B of this part. This part does not govern implementation of the MRA by the EC, which will implement the MRA in accordance with its internal procedures. nor does this part address implementation of the MRA by other concerned U.S. Federal agencies. For purposes of this part, the terms "party" or "parties," where relevant to FDA's implementation of the MRA, should be considered as referring to FDA only. If the parties to the MRA subsequently amend or terminate the MRA, FDA will modify this part accordingly, using appropriate administrative procedures.

Subpart A—Specific Sector Provisions for Pharmaceutical Good Manufacturing Practices

§26.1 Definitions.

(a) *Enforcement* means action taken by an authority to protect the public from products of suspect quality, safety, and effectiveness or to assure that products are manufactured in compliance with appropriate laws, regulations, standards, and commitments made as part of the approval to market a product.

(b) Equivalence of the regulatory systems means that the systems are sufficiently comparable to assure that the process of inspection and the ensuing inspection reports will provide adequate information to determine whether respective statutory and regulatory requirements of the authorities have been fulfilled. Equivalence does not require that the respective regulatory systems have identical procedures.

(c) Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP's). [The United States has clarified its interpretation that under the MRA, paragraph (c)(1) of this section has to be understood as the U.S. definition and paragraph (c)(2) as the EC definition.]

(1) GMP's mean the requirements found in the legislations, regulations, and administrative provisions for methods to be used in, and the facilities or controls to be used for, the manufacturing, processing, packing, and/or holding of a drug to assure that such drug meets the requirements as to safety, and has the identity and strength, and meets the quality and purity characteristics that it purports or is represented to possess.

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(2) GMP's are that part of quality assurance which ensures that products are consistently produced and controlled to quality standards. For the purpose of this subpart, GMP's include, therefore, the system whereby the manufacturer receives the specifications of the product and/or process from the marketing authorization/ product authorization or license holder or applicant and ensures the product is made in compliance with its specifications (qualified person certification in the EC).

(d) *Inspection* means an onsite evaluation of a manufacturing facility to determine whether such manufacturing facility is operating in compliance with GMP's and/or commitments made as part of the approval to market a product.

(e) Inspection report means the written observations and GMP's compliance assessment completed by an authority listed in appendix B of this subpart.

(f) *Regulatory system* means the body of legal requirements for GMP's, inspections, and enforcements that ensure public health protection and legal authority to assure adherence to these requirements.

[63 FR 60141, Nov. 6, 1998; 64 FR 16348, Apr. 5, 1999]

§26.2 Purpose.

The provisions of this subpart govern the exchange between the parties and normal endorsement by the receiving regulatory authority of official good manufacturing practices (GMP's) inspection reports after a transitional period aimed at determination of the equivalence of the regulatory systems of the parties, which is the cornerstone of this subpart.

§26.3 Scope.

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(a) The provisions of this subpart shall apply to pharmaceutical inspections carried out in the United States and Member States of the European

Community (EC) before products are marketed (hereafter referred to as "preapproval inspections") as well as during their marketing (hereafter referred to as "postapproval inspections").

(b) Appendix A of this subpart names the laws, regulations, and administrative provisions governing these inspections and the good manufacturing practices (GMP's) requirements.

(c) Appendix B of this subpart lists the authorities participating in activities under this subpart.

(d) Sections 26.65, 26.66, 26.67, 26.68, 26.69, and 26.70 of subpart C of this part do not apply to this subpart.

§26.4 Product coverage.

(a) The provisions of this subpart will apply to medicinal products for human or animal use, intermediates and starting materials (as referred to in the European Community (EC)) and to drugs for human or animal use, biological products for human use, and active pharmaceutical ingredients (as referred to in the United States), only to the extent they are regulated by the authorities of both parties as listed in appendix B of this subpart.

(b) Human blood, human plasma, human tissues and organs, and veterinary immunologicals (under 9 CFR 101.2, "veterinary immunologicals" are referred to as "veterinary biologicals") are excluded from the scope of this subpart. Human plasma derivatives (such as immunoglobulins and albumin), investigational medicinal products/new drugs, human radiopharmaceuticals, and medicinal gases are also excluded during the transition phase; their situation will be reconsidered at the end of the transition period. Products regulated by the Food and Drug Administration's Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research or Center for Drug Evaluation and Research as devices are not covered under this subpart.

(c) Appendix C of this subpart contains an indicative list of products covered by this subpart.

 $[63\ {\rm FR}\ 60141,\ {\rm Nov.}\ 6,\ 1998,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 70\ {\rm FR}\ 14980,\ {\rm Mar.}\ 24,\ 2005]$

§26.5 Length of transition period.

A 3-year transition period will start immediately after the effective date described in $\S26.80(a)$.

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§26.6 Equivalence assessment.

(a) The criteria to be used by the parties to assess equivalence are listed in appendix D of this subpart. Information pertaining to the criteria under European Community (EC) competence will be provided by the EC.

(b) The authorities of the parties will establish and communicate to each other their draft programs for assessing the equivalence of the respective regulatory systems in terms of quality assurance of the products and consumer protection. These programs will be carried out, as deemed necessary by the regulatory authorities, for postand preapproval inspections and for various product classes or processes.

(c) The equivalence assessment shall include information exchanges (including inspection reports), joint training, and joint inspections for the purpose of assessing regulatory systems and the authorities' capabilities. In conducting the equivalence assessment, the parties will ensure that efforts are made to save resources.

(d) Equivalence assessment for authorities added to appendix B of this subpart after the effective date described in §26.80(a) will be conducted as described in this subpart, as soon as practicable.

§26.7 Participation in the equivalence assessment and determination.

The authorities listed in appendix B of this subpart will actively participate in these programs to build a sufficient body of evidence for their equivalence determination. Both parties will exercise good faith efforts to complete equivalence assessment as expeditiously as possible to the extent the resources of the authorities allow.

§26.8 Other transition activities.

As soon as possible, the authorities will jointly determine the essential information which must be present in inspection reports and will cooperate to develop mutually agreed inspection report format(s).

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§26.9

§26.9 Equivalence determination.

(a) Equivalence is established by having in place regulatory systems covering the criteria referred to in appendix D of this subpart, and a demonstrated pattern of consistent performance in accordance with these criteria. A list of authorities determined as equivalent shall be agreed to by the Joint Sectoral Committee at the end of the transition period, with reference to any limitation in terms of inspection type (e.g., postapproval or preapproval) or product classes or processes.

(b) The parties will document insufficient evidence of equivalence, lack of opportunity to assess equivalence or a determination of nonequivalence, in sufficient detail to allow the authority being assessed to know how to attain equivalence.

§26.10 Regulatory authorities not listed as currently equivalent.

Authorities not currently listed as equivalent, or not equivalent for certain types of inspections, product classes or processes may apply for reconsideration of their status once the necessary corrective measures have been taken or additional experience is gained.

§26.11 Start of operational period.

(a) The operational period shall start at the end of the transition period and its provisions apply to inspection reports generated by authorities listed as equivalent for the inspections performed in their territory.

(b) In addition, when an authority is not listed as equivalent based on adequate experience gained during the transition period, the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) will accept for normal endorsement (as provided in §26.12) inspection reports generated as a result of inspections conducted jointly by that authority on its territory and another authority listed as equivalent, provided that the authority of the Member State in which the inspection is performed can guarantee enforcement of the findings of the inspection report and require that corrective measures be taken when necessary. FDA has the option to participate in these inspections, and based on experience gained during the transition period, the parties will agree on procedures for exercising this option.

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(c) In the European Community (EC), the qualified person will be relieved of responsibility for carrying the controls laid down in Article 22 paragraph 1(b) of Council Directive 75/319/EEC (see appendix A of this subpart) provided that these controls have been carried out in the United States and that each batch/ lot is accompanied by a batch certificate (in accordance with the World Health Organization Certification Scheme on the Quality of Medicinal Products) issued by the manufacturer certifying that the product complies with requirements of the marketing authorization and signed by the person responsible for releasing the batch/lot.

§ 26.12 Nature of recognition of inspection reports.

(a) Inspection reports (containing information as established under §26.8), including a good manufacturing practice (GMP) compliance assessment, prepared by authorities listed as equivalent, will be provided to the authority of the importing party. Based on the determination of equivalence in light of the experience gained, these inspection reports will normally be endorsed by the authority of the importing party, except under specific and delineated circumstances. Examples of such circumstances include indications of material inconsistencies or inadequacies in an inspection report, quality defects identified in the postmarket surveillance or other specific evidence of serious concern in relation to product quality or consumer safety. In such cases, the authority of the importing party may request clarification from the authority of the exporting party which may lead to a request for reinspection. The authorities will endeavor to respond to requests for clarification in a timely manner.

(b) Where divergence is not clarified in this process, an authority of the importing country may carry out an inspection of the production facility.

§ 26.13 Transmission of postapproval inspection reports.

Postapproval good manufacturing practice (GMP) inspection reports concerning products covered by this subpart will be transmitted to the authority of the importing country within 60calendar days of the request. Should a new inspection be needed, the inspection report will be transmitted within 90-calendar days of the request.

§26.14 Transmission of preapproval inspection reports.

(a) A preliminary notification that an inspection may have to take place will be made as soon as possible.

(b) Within 15-calendar days, the relevant authority will acknowledge receipt of the request and confirm its ability to carry out the inspection. In the European Community (EC), requests will be sent directly to the relevant authority, with a copy to the European Agency for the Evaluation of Medicinal Products (EMEA). If the authority receiving the request cannot carry out the inspection as requested, the requesting authority shall have the right to conduct the inspection.

(c) Reports of preapproval inspections will be sent within 45-calendar days of the request that transmitted the appropriate information and detailed the precise issues to be addressed during the inspection. A shorter time may be necessary in exceptional cases and these will be described in the request.

§26.15 Monitoring continued equivalence.

Monitoring activities for the purpose of maintaining equivalence shall include review of the exchange of inspection reports and their quality and timeliness; performance of a limited number of joint inspections; and the conduct of common training sessions.

§26.16 Suspension.

(a) Each party has the right to contest the equivalence of a regulatory authority. This right will be exercised in an objective and reasoned manner in writing to the other party.

(b) The issue shall be discussed in the Joint Sectoral Committee promptly upon such notification. Where the

Joint Sectoral Committee determines that verification of equivalence is required, it may be carried out jointly by the parties in a timely manner, under §26.6.

(c) Efforts will be made by the Joint Sectoral Committee to reach unanimous consent on the appropriate action. If agreement to suspend is reached in the Joint Sectoral Committee, an authority may be suspended immediately thereafter. If no agreement is reached in the Joint Sectoral Committee, the matter is referred to the Joint Committee as described in $\S26.73$. If no unanimous consent is reached within 30 days after such notification, the contested authority will be suspended.

(d) Upon the suspension of authority previously listed as equivalent, a party is no longer obligated to normally endorse the inspection reports of the suspended authority. A party shall continue to normally endorse the inspection reports of that authority prior to suspension, unless the authority of the receiving party decides otherwise based on health or safety considerations. The suspension will remain in effect until unanimous consent has been reached by the parties on the future status of that authority.

§26.17 Role and composition of the Joint Sectoral Committee.

(a) A Joint Sectoral Committee is set up to monitor the activities under both the transitional and operational phases of this subpart.

(b) The Joint Sectoral Committee will be cochaired by a representative of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for the United States and a representative of the European Community (EC) who each will have one vote. Decisions will be taken by unanimous consent.

(c) The Joint Sectoral Committee's functions will include:

(1) Making a joint assessment, which must be agreed by both parties, of the equivalence of the respective authorities;

(2) Developing and maintaining the list of equivalent authorities, including any limitation in terms of inspecting type or products, and communicating

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the list to all authorities and the Joint Committee;

(3) Providing a forum to discuss issues relating to this subpart, including concerns that an authority may be no longer equivalent and opportunity to review product coverage; and

(4) Consideration of the issue of suspension.

(d) The Joint Sectoral Committee shall meet at the request of either party and, unless the cochairs otherwise agree, at least once each year. The Joint Committee will be kept informed of the agenda and conclusions of meetings of the Joint Sectoral Committee.

§26.18 Regulatory collaboration.

(a) The parties and authorities shall inform and consult one another, as permitted by law, on proposals to introduce new controls or to change existing technical regulations or inspection procedures and to provide the opportunity to comment on such proposals.

(b) The parties shall notify each other in writing of any changes to appendix B of this subpart.

§ 26.19 Information relating to quality aspects.

The authorities will establish an appropriate means of exchanging information on any confirmed problem reports, corrective actions, recalls, rejected import consignments, and other regulatory and enforcement problems for products subject to this subpart.

§26.20 Alert system.

(a) The details of an alert system will be developed during the transitional period. The system will be maintained in place at all times. Elements to be considered in developing such a system are described in appendix E of this subpart.

(b) Contact points will be agreed between both parties to permit authorities to be made aware with the appropriate speed in case of quality defect, recalls, counterfeiting, and other problems concerning quality, which could necessitate additional controls or suspension of the distribution of the product.

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§26.21 Safeguard clause.

Each party recognizes that the importing country has a right to fulfill its legal responsibilities by taking actions necessary to ensure the protection of human and animal health at the level of protection it deems appropriate. This includes the suspension of the distribution, product detention at the border of the importing country, withdrawal of the batches and any request for additional information or inspection as provided in §26.12.

APPENDIX A TO SUBPART A OF PART 26— LIST OF APPLICABLE LAWS, REGULA-TIONS, AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROVI-SIONS

1. For the European Community (EC):

[Copies of EC documents may be obtained from the European Document Research, 1100 17th St. NW., suite 301, Washington, DC 20036. EC documents may be viewed on the European Commission Pharmaceuticals Units web site at http://dg3.eudra.org.]

Council Directive 65/65/EEC of 26 January 1965 on the approximation of provisions laid down by law, regulation, or administrative action relating to proprietary medicinal products as extended, widened, and amended. Council Directive 75/319/EEC of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of provisions laid down by law, regulation or administrative action relating to proprietary medicinal products as extended, widened and amended.

Council Directive 81/851/EEC of 28 September 1981 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to veterinary medicinal products, as widened and amended.

Commission Directive 91/356/EEC of 13 June 1991 laying down the principles and guidelines of good manufacturing practice for medicinal products for human use.

Commission Directive 91/412/EEC of 23 July 1991 laying down the principles and guidelines of good manufacturing practice for veterinary medicinal products.

Council Regulation EEC No 2309/93 of 22 July 1993 laying down Community procedures for the authorization and supervision of medicinal products for human and veterinary use and establishing a European Agency for the Evaluation of Medicinal Products.

Council Directive 92/25/EEC of 31 March 1992 on the wholesale distribution of medicinal products for human use.

Guide to Good Distribution Practice (94/C $63\!/$ 03).

Current version of the Guide to Good Manufacturing Practice, Rules Governing Medicinal Products in the European Community, Volume IV.

2. For the United States:

[Copies of FDA documents may be obtained from the Government Printing Office, 1510 H St. NW., Washington, DC 20005. FDA documents, except the FDA Compliance Program Guidance Manual, may be viewed on FDA's Internet web site at http://www.fda.gov.]

Relevant sections of the United States Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and the United States Public Health Service Act.

Relevant sections of Title 21, United States Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Parts 1– 99, Parts 200–299, Parts 500–599, and Parts 600– 799.

Relevant sections of the FDA Investigations Operations Manual, the FDA Regulatory Procedures Manual, the FDA Compliance Policy Guidance Manual, the FDA Compliance Program Guidance Manual, and other FDA guidances.

APPENDIX B TO SUBPART A OF PART 26— LIST OF AUTHORITIES

- 1. For the United States: In the United States, the regulatory authority is the Food and Drug Administration.
- 2. For the European Community: In the European Community, the regulatory authorities are the following:

Belgium: Inspection générale de la Pharmacie, Algemene Farmaceutische Inspectie.

Denmark: Laegemiddelstyrelsen.

Germany: Bundesministerium für Gesundheit for immunologicals: Paul-Ehrlich-Institut, Federal Agency for Sera and Vaccines.

Greece: Εθνικώς Ω ργανισμώς Φαρμακώυ, Ministry of Health and Welfare, National Drug Organization (E.O.F).

Spain: For medicinal products for human use: Ministerio de Sanidad y Consumo, Subdirección General de Control Farmacéutico. For medicinal products for veterinary use: Ministerio de Agricultura, Pesca y Alimentación (MAPA), Dirección General de la Producción Agraria.

France: For medicinal products for human use: Agence du Médicament. For veterinary medicinal products: Agence Nationale du Médicament Vétérinaire.

Ireland: Irish Medicines Board.

Italy: For medicinal products for human use: Ministero della Sanità, Dipartimento Farmaci e Farmacovigilanza. For medicinal products for veterinary use: Ministero della Sanità, Dipartimento alimenti e nutrizione e sanità pubblica veterinaria-Div. IX.

Luxembourg: Division de la Pharmacie et des Médicaments.

Netherlands: Staat der Nederlanden.

Austria: Bundesministerium für Arbeit, Gesundheit und Soziales.

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Portugal: Instituto da Farmácia e do Medicamento (INFARMED).

Finland: Lääkelaitos/Läkemedelsverket (National Agency for Medicines).

Sweden: Läkemedelsverket-Medical Products Agency.

United Kingdom: For human use and veterinary (non-immunologicals): Medicines Control Agency. For veterinary immunologicals: Veterinary Medicines Directorate.

European Community: Commission of the European Communities. European Agency for the Evaluation of Medicinal Products (EMEA).

APPENDIX C TO SUBPART A OF PART 26— INDICATIVE LIST OF PRODUCTS COV-ERED BY SUBPART A

Recognizing that precise definition of medicinal products and drugs are to be found in the legislation referred to above, an indicative list of products covered by this arrangement is given below:

- -human medicinal products including prescription and nonprescription drugs;
- -human biologicals including vaccines, and immunologicals;
- -veterinary pharmaceuticals, including prescription and nonprescription drugs, with the exclusion of veterinary immunologicals (Under 9 CFR 101.2 "veterinary immunologicals" are referred to as "veterinary biologicals");
- --premixes for the preparation of veterinary medicated feeds (EC), Type A medicated articles for the preparation of veterinary medicated feeds (United States);
- —intermediate products and active pharmaceutical ingredients or bulk pharmaceuticals (United States)/starting materials (EC).
- APPENDIX D TO SUBPART A OF PART 26-CRITERIA FOR ASSESSING EQUIVA-LENCE FOR POST- AND PREAPPROVAL
- I. Legal/Regulatory authority and structures and procedures providing for post- and preapproval:

A. Appropriate statutory mandate and jurisdiction.

B. Ability to issue and update binding requirements on GMP's and guidance documents.

C. Authority to make inspections, review and copy documents, and to take samples and collect other evidence.

D. Ability to enforce requirements and to remove products found in violation of such requirements from the market.

E. Substantive current good manufacturing requirements.

F. Accountability of the regulatory authority.

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G. Inventory of current products and manufacturers.

H. System for maintaining or accessing inspection reports, samples and other analytical data, and other firm/product information relating to matters covered by subpart A of this part.

II. Mechanisms in place to assure appropriate professional standards and avoidance of conflicts of interest.

III. Administration of the regulatory authority:

A. Standards of education/qualification and training.

B. Effective quality assurance systems measures to ensure adequate job performance.

C. Appropriate staffing and resources to enforce laws and regulations.

IV. Conduct of inspections:

A. Adequate preinspection preparation, including appropriate expertise of investigator/ team, review of firm/product and databases, and availability of appropriate inspection equipment.

B. Adequate conduct of inspection, including statutory access to facilities, effective response to refusals, depth and competence of evaluation of operations, systems and documentation; collection of evidence; appropriate duration of inspection and completeness of written report of observations to firm management.

C. Adequate postinspection activities, including completeness of inspectors' report, inspection report review where appropriate, and conduct of followup inspections and other activities where appropriate, assurance of preservation and retrieval of records.

V. Execution of regulatory enforcement actions to achieve corrections, designed to prevent future violations, and to remove products found in violation of requirements from the market.

VI. Effective use of surveillance systems:

A. Sampling and analysis.

- B. Recall monitoring.
- C. Product defect reporting system.

D. Routine surveillance inspections.

E. Verification of approved manufacturing process changes to marketing authorizations/approved applications.

VII. Additional specific criteria for preapproval inspections:

A. Satisfactory demonstration through a jointly developed and administered training program and joint inspections to assess the regulatory authorities' capabilities.

B. Preinspection preparation includes the review of appropriate records, including site

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plans and drug master file or similar documentation to enable adequate inspections.

C. Ability to verify chemistry, manufacturing, and control data supporting an application is authentic and complete.

D. Ability to assess and evaluate research and development data as scientifically sound, especially transfer technology of pilot, scale up and full scale production batches.

E. Ability to verify conformity of the onsite processes and procedures with those described in the application.

F. Review and evaluate equipment installation, operational and performance qualification data, and evaluate test method validation.

APPENDIX E TO SUBPART A OF PART 26— ELEMENTS TO BE CONSIDERED IN DE-VELOPING A TWO-WAY ALERT SYS-TEM

1. Documentation

 $-\!\!\!$ Definition of a crisis/emergency and under what circumstances an alert is required

--Standard Operating Procedures (SOP's) --Mechanism of health hazards evaluation and classification

 $-\!\!\!$ Language of communication and transmission of information

2. Crisis Management System

—Crisis analysis and communication mechanisms

-Establishment of contact points

-Reporting mechanisms

3. Enforcement Procedures

-Followup mechanisms

-Corrective action procedures

4. Quality Assurance System

-Pharmacovigilance programme -Surveillance/monitoring of implementation of corrective action

5. Contact Points

For the purpose of subpart A of this part, the contact points for the alert system will be:

A. For the European Community:

the Executive Director of the European Agency for the Evaluation of Medicinal Products, 7, Westferry Circus, Canary Wharf, UK - London E14 4HB, England. Telephone 44-171-418 8400, Fax 418-8416.

B. For the United States :

Biologics:Food and Drug Administration, Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research, Document Control Center, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Bldg. 71, Rm. G112, Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002, telephone: 240-402-9153, FAX: 301-595-1302.

Human Drugs: Director, Office of Compliance, 10903 New Hampshire Ave., Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002, phone: 301-796-3100, fax: 301-847-8747.

Veterinary Drugs: Director, Office of Surveillance and Compliance (HFV-200), MPN II, 7500 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855-2773, phone: 301-827-6644, fax: 301-594-1807.

[63 FR 60141, Nov. 6, 1998, as amended at 69
 FR 48775, Aug. 11, 2004; 74 FR 13112, Mar. 26, 2009; 80 FR 18090, Apr. 3, 2015]

Subpart B—Specific Sector Provisions for Medical Devices

§26.31 Purpose.

(a) The purpose of this subpart is to specify the conditions under which a party will accept the results of quality system-related evaluations and inspections and premarket evaluations of the other party with regard to medical devices as conducted by listed conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) and to provide for other related cooperative activities.

(b) This subpart is intended to evolve as programs and policies of the parties evolve. The parties will review this subpart periodically, in order to assess progress and identify potential enhancements to this subpart as Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and European Community (EC) policies evolve over time.

§26.32 Scope.

(a) The provisions of this subpart shall apply to the exchange and, where appropriate, endorsement of the following types of reports from conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) assessed to be equivalent:

(1) Under the U.S. system, surveillance/postmarket and initial/ preapproval inspection reports;

(2) Under the U.S. system, premarket (510(k)) product evaluation reports;

(3) Under the European Community (EC) system, quality system evaluation reports; and

(4) Under the EC system, EC type examination and verification reports.

(b) Appendix A of this subpart names the legislation, regulations, and related procedures under which:

(1) Products are regulated as medical devices by each party;

(2) CAB's are designated and confirmed; and (3) These reports are prepared.

(c) For purposes of this subpart, equivalence means that: CAB's in the EC are capable of conducting product and quality systems evaluations against U.S. regulatory requirements in a manner equivalent to those conducted by FDA; and CAB's in the United States are capable of conducting product and quality systems evaluations against EC regulatory requirements in a manner equivalent to those conducted by EC CAB's.

§26.33 Product coverage.

(a) There are three components to this subpart each covering a discrete range of products:

(1) Quality System Evaluations. U.S.type surveillance/postmarket and initial/preapproval inspection reports and European Community (EC)-type quality system evaluation reports will be exchanged with regard to all products regulated under both U.S. and EC law as medical devices.

(2) Product Evaluation. U.S.-type premarket (510(k)) product evaluation reports and EC-type-testing reports will be exchanged only with regard to those products classified under the U.S. system as Class I/Class II-Tier 2 medical devices which are listed in appendix B of this subpart.

(3) Postmarket Vigilance Reports. Postmarket vigilance reports will be exchanged with regard to all products regulated under both U.S. and EC law as medical devices.

(b) Additional products and procedures may be made subject to this subpart by agreement of the parties.

§26.34 Regulatory authorities.

The regulatory authorities shall have the responsibility of implementing the provisions of this subpart, including the designation and monitoring of conformity assessment bodies (CAB's). Regulatory authorities will be specified in appendix C of this subpart. Each party will promptly notify the other party in writing of any change in the regulatory authority for a country.

§26.35 Length and purpose of transition period.

There will be a 3-year transition period immediately following the date

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described in §26.80(a). During the transition period, the parties will engage in confidence-building activities for the purpose of obtaining sufficient evidence to make determinations concerning the equivalence of conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) of the other party with respect to the ability to perform quality system and product evaluations or other reviews resulting in reports to be exchanged under this subpart.

§26.36 Listing of CAB's.

Each party shall designate conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) to participate in confidence building activities by transmitting to the other party a list of CAB's which meet the criteria for technical competence and independence, as identified in appendix A of this subpart. The list shall be accompanied by supporting evidence. Designated CAB's will be listed in appendix D of this subpart for participation in the confidence building activities once confirmed by the importing party. Nonconfirmation would have to be justified based on documented evidence.

§26.37 Confidence building activities.

(a) At the beginning of the transitional period, the Joint Sectoral Group will establish a joint confidence building program calculated to provide sufficient evidence of the capabilities of the designated conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) to perform quality system or product evaluations to the specifications of the parties.

(b) The joint confidence building program should include the following actions and activities:

(1) Seminars designed to inform the parties and CAB's about each party's regulatory system, procedures, and requirements;

(2) Workshops designed to provide the parties with information regarding requirements and procedures for the designation and surveillance of CAB's;

(3) Exchange of information about reports prepared during the transition period;

(4) Joint training exercises; and

(5) Observed inspections.

(c) During the transition period, any significant problem that is identified

with a CAB may be the subject of cooperative activities, as resources allow and as agreed to by the regulatory authorities, aimed at resolving the problem.

(d) Both parties will exercise good faith efforts to complete the confidence building activities as expeditiously as possible to the extent that the resources of the parties allow.

(e) Both the parties will each prepare annual progress reports which will describe the confidence building activities undertaken during each year of the transition period. The form and content of the reports will be determined by the parties through the Joint Sectoral Committee.

§26.38 Other transition period activities.

(a) During the transition period, the parties will jointly determine the necessary information which must be present in quality system and product evaluation reports.

(b) The parties will jointly develop a notification and alert system to be used in case of defects, recalls, and other problems concerning product quality that could necessitate additional actions (e.g., inspections by the parties of the importing country) or suspension of the distribution of the product.

§26.39 Equivalence assessment.

(a) In the final 6 months of the transition period, the parties shall proceed to a joint assessment of the equivalence of the conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) that participated in the confidence building activities. CAB's will be determined to be equivalent provided they have demonstrated proficiency through the submission of a sufficient number of adequate reports. CAB's may be determined to be equivalent with regard to the ability to perform any type of quality system or product evaluation covered by this subpart and with regard to any type of product covered by this subpart. The parties shall develop a list contained in appendix E of this subpart of CAB's determined to be equivalent, which shall contain a full explanation of the scope of the equivalency determination, including any appropriate limitations,

with regard to performing any type of quality system or product evaluation.

(b) The parties shall allow CAB's not listed for participation in this subpart, or listed for participation only as to certain types of evaluations, to apply for participation in this subpart once the necessary measures have been taken or sufficient experience has been gained, in accordance with §26.46.

(c) Decisions concerning the equivalence of CAB's must be agreed to by both parties.

§26.40 Start of the operational period.

(a) The operational period will start at the end of the transition period after the parties have developed the list of conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) found to be equivalent. The provisions of §§ 26.40, 26.41, 26.42, 26.43, 26.44, 26.45, and 26.46 will apply only with regard to listed CAB's and only to the extent of any specifications and limitations contained on the list with regard to a CAB.

(b) The operational period will apply to quality system evaluation reports and product evaluation reports generated by CAB's listed in accordance with this subpart for the evaluations performed in the respective territories of the parties, except if the parties agree otherwise.

§26.41 Exchange and endorsement of quality system evaluation reports.

(a) Listed European Community (EC) conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) will provide FDA with reports of quality system evaluations, as follows:

(1) For preapproval quality system evaluations, EC CAB's will provide full reports; and

(2) For surveillance quality system evaluations, EC CAB's will provide abbreviated reports.

(b) Listed U.S. CAB's will provide to the EC Notified Body of the manufacturer's choice:

(1) Full reports of initial quality system evaluations;

(2) Abbreviated reports of quality systems surveillance audits.

(c) If the abbreviated reports do not provide sufficient information, the importing party may request additional clarification from the CAB.

(d) Based on the determination of equivalence in light of the experience gained, the quality system evaluation reports prepared by the CAB's listed as equivalent will normally be endorsed by the importing party, except under specific and delineated circumstances. Examples of such circumstances include indications of material inconsistencies or inadequacies in a report, identified quality defects in postmarket surveillance or other specific evidence of serious concern in relation to product quality or consumer safety. In such cases, the importing party may request clarification from the exporting party which may lead to a request for reinspection. The parties will endeavor to respond to requests for clarification in a timely manner. Where divergence is not clarified in this process, the importing party may carry out the quality system evaluation.

§26.42 Exchange and endorsement of product evaluation reports.

(a) European Community (EC) conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) listed for this purpose will, subject to the specifications and limitations on the list, provide to FDA 510(k) premarket notification assessment reports prepared to U.S. medical device requirements.

(b) U.S. CAB's will, subject to the specifications and limitations on the list, provide to the EC Notified Body of the manufacturer's choice, type examination, and verification reports prepared to EC medical device requirements.

(c) Based on the determination of equivalence in light of the experience gained, the product evaluation reports prepared by the CAB's listed as equivalent will normally be endorsed by the importing party, except under specific and delineated circumstances. Examples of such circumstances include indications of material inconsistencies, inadequacies, or incompleteness in a product evaluation report, or other specific evidence of serious concern in relation to product safety, performance, or quality. In such cases, the importing party may request clarification from the exporting party which may lead to a request for a reevaluation.

§26.43

The parties will endeavor to respond to requests for clarification in a timely manner. Endorsement remains the responsibility of the importing party.

§26.43 Transmission of quality system evaluation reports.

Quality system evaluation reports covered by §26.41 concerning products covered by this subpart shall be transmitted to the importing party within 60-calendar days of a request by the importing party. Should a new inspection be requested, the time period shall be extended by an additional 30-calendar days. A party may request a new inspection, for cause, identified to the other party. If the exporting party cannot perform an inspection within a specified period of time, the importing party may perform an inspection on its own.

§26.44 Transmission of product evaluation reports.

Transmission of product evaluation reports will take place according to the importing party's specified procedures.

§26.45 Monitoring continued equivalence.

Monitoring activities will be carried out in accordance with §26.69.

§26.46 Listing of additional CAB's.

(a) During the operational period, additional conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) will be considered for equivalence using the procedures and criteria described in §§26.36, 26.37, and 26.39, taking into account the level of confidence gained in the overall regulatory system of the other party.

(b) Once a designating authority considers that such CAB's, having undergone the procedures of §§26.36, 26.37, and 26.39, may be determined to be equivalent, it will then designate those bodies on an annual basis. Such procedures satisfy the procedures of §26.66(a) and (b).

(c) Following such annual designations, the procedures for confirmation of CAB's under 26.66(c) and (d) shall apply.

§26.47 Role and composition of the Joint Sectoral Committee.

(a) The Joint Sectoral Committee for this subpart is set up to monitor the activities under both the transitional and operational phases of this subpart.

(b) The Joint Sectoral Committee will be cochaired by a representative of the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for the United States and a representative of the European Community (EC) who will each have one vote. Decisions will be taken by unanimous consent.

(c) The Joint Sectoral Committee's functions will include:

(1) Making a joint assessment of the equivalence of conformity assessment bodies (CAB's);

(2) Developing and maintaining the list of equivalent CAB's, including any limitation in terms of their scope of activities and communicating the list to all authorities and the Joint Committee described in subpart C of this part;

(3) Providing a forum to discuss issues relating to this subpart, including concerns that a CAB may no longer be equivalent and opportunity to review product coverage; and

(4) Consideration of the issue of suspension.

§26.48 Harmonization.

During both the transitional and operational phases of this subpart, both parties intend to continue to participate in the activities of the Global Harmonization Task Force (GHTF) and utilize the results of those activities to the extent possible. Such participation involves developing and reviewing documents developed by the GHTF and jointly determining whether they are applicable to the implementation of this subpart.

§26.49 Regulatory cooperation.

(a) The parties and authorities shall inform and consult with one another, as permitted by law, of proposals to introduce new controls or to change existing technical regulations or inspection procedures and to provide the opportunity to comment on such proposals.

(b) The parties shall notify each other in writing of any changes to appendix A of this subpart.

§26.50 Alert system and exchange of postmarket vigilance reports.

(a) An alert system will be set up during the transition period and maintained thereafter by which the parties will notify each other when there is an immediate danger to public health. Elements of such a system will be described in an appendix F of this subpart. As part of that system, each party shall notify the other party of any confirmed problem reports, corrective actions, or recalls. These reports are regarded as part of ongoing investigations.

(b) Contact points will be agreed between both parties to permit authorities to be made aware with the appropriate speed in case of quality defect, batch recalls, counterfeiting and other problems concerning quality, which could necessitate additional controls or suspension of the distribution of the product.

- APPENDIX A TO SUBPART B OF PART 26— RELEVANT LEGISLATION, REGULA-TIONS, AND PROCEDURES.
- 1. For the European Community (EC) the following legislation applies to §26.42(a) of this subpart:

[Copies of EC documents may be obtained from the European Document Research, 1100 17th St. NW., suite 301, Washington, DC 20036.]

a. Council Directive 90/385/EEC of 20 June 1990 on active implantable medical devices

OJ No. L 189, 20.7. 1990, p. 17. Conformity assessment procedures.

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Annex 5

b. Council Directive 93/42/EEC of 14 June 1993 on Medical Devices OJ No. L 169,12.7.1993, p.1. Conformity assessment procedures.

Annex 2 (with the exception of section 4)

- Annex 3
- Annex 4

Annex 5

Annex 6

2. For the United States, the following legislation applies to §26.32(a):

[Copies of FDA documents may be obtained from the Government Printing Office, 1510 H St. NW., Washington, DC 20005. FDA documents may be viewed on FDA's Internet web site at http://www.fda.gov.] Pt. 26, Subpt. B, App. B

a. The Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 321 *et seq.*

b. The Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.

c. Regulations of the United States Food and Drug Administration found at 21 CFR, in particular, Parts 800 to 1299.

d. Medical Devices; Third Party Review of Selected Premarket Notifications; Pilot Program, 61 FR 14789-14796 (April 3, 1996).

e. Draft Guidance Document on Accredited Persons Program, 63 FR 28392 (May 22, 1998). f. Draft Guidance for Staff, Industry and Third Parties, Third Party Programs under the Sectoral Annex on Medical Devices to the Agreement on Mutual Recognition Between the United States of America and the European Community (MRA), 63 FR 36240 (July 2, 1998).

g. Guidance Document on Use of Standards, 63 FR 9561 (February 25, 1998).

APPENDIX B TO SUBPART B OF PART 26— SCOPE OF PRODUCT COVERAGE

1. Initial Coverage of the Transition Period

Upon entry into force of this subpart as described in §26.80 (it is understood that the date of entry into force will not occur prior to June 1, 1998, unless the parties decide otherwise), products qualifying for the transitional arrangements under this subpart include:

a. All Class I products requiring premarket evaluations in the United States—see Table 1.

b. Those Class II products listed in Table 2.

2. During the Transition Period

The parties will jointly identify additional product groups, including their related accessories, in line with their respective priorities as follows:

- a. Those for which review may be based primarily on written guidance which the parties will use their best efforts to prepare expeditiously; and
- b. Those for which review may be based primarily on international standards, in order for the parties to gain the requisite experience.

The corresponding additional product lists will be phased in on an annual basis. The parties may consult with industry and other interested parties in determining which products will be added.

3. Commencement of the Operational Period

- a. At the commencement of the operational period, product coverage shall extend to all Class I/II products covered during the transition period.
- b. FDA will expand the program to categories of Class II devices as is consistent with the results of the pilot, and with

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FDA's ability to write guidance documents if the device pilot for the third party review of medical devices is successful. The MRA will cover to the maximum extent feasible all Class II devices listed in Table 3 for which FDA-accredited third party review is available in the United States.

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4. Unless explicitly included by joint decision of the parties, this part does not cover any U.S. Class II-tier 3 or any Class III product under either system.

[The lists of medical devices included in these tables are subject to change as a result of the Food and Drug Administration Modernization Act of 1997.]

Regulation Name

TABLE 1—CLASS I PRODUCTS REQUIRING PREMARKET EVALUATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES, INCLUDED IN SCOPE OF PRODUCT COVERAGE AT BEGINNING OF TRANSITION PERIOD ¹

	negulation Name
	Product Code—Device Name
Anesthesiology Panel (21 CFR part 868)	
868.1910	
	BZW—Stethoscope, Esophageal
868.5620	
000 5040	BYP—Mouthpiece, Breathing Medicinal Nonventilatory Nebulizer (Atomizer)
808.3040	CCQ—Nebulizer, Medicinal, Nonventilatory (Atomizer)
868.5675	
	BYW-Device, Rebreathing
868.5700	Nonpowered Oxygen Tent
	FOG-Hood, Oxygen, Infant
	BYL—Tent, Oxygen
868.6810	
Cardiovascular Panel	BSY—Catheters, Suction, Tracheobronchial
(None).	
Dental Panel (21 CFR part 872)	
	Karaya and Sodium Borate With or Without Acacia Denture Adhesive
	KOM—Adhesive, Denture, Acacia and Karava With Sodium Borate
872.3700	
	ELY—Mercury
872.4200	
	EBW—Controller, Food, Handpiece and Cord
	EFB—Handpiece, Air-Powered, Dental EFA—Handpiece, Belt and/or Gear Driven, Dental
	EGS—Handpiece, Contra- and Right-Angle Attachment, Dental
	EKX—Handpiece, Direct Drive, AC-Powered
	EKY—Handpiece, Water-Powered
872.6640	Dental Operative Unit and Accessories
	EIA—Unit, Operative Dental
Ear, Nose, and Throat Panel (21 CFR Part	
874)	Chart Insurant Cassili ity Index (CICI) Adapter
874.1070	Short Increment Sensitivity Index (SISI) Adapter ETR—Adapter, Short Increment Sensitivity Index (SISI)
874.1500	Gustometer
074.1000	ETM—Gustometer
874.1800	
	KHH—Stimulator, Caloric-Air
	ETP—Stimulator, Caloric-Water
874.1925	Toynbee Diagnostic Tube
074 0000	ETK-Tube, Toynbee Diagnostic
874.3300	LRB—Face Plate Hearing-Aid
	ESD—Hearing-aid, Air-Conduction
874.4100	Epistaxis Balloon
0,	EMX—Balloon, Epistaxis
874.5300	ENT Examination and Treatment Unit
	ETF—Unit, Examining/Treatment, ENT
874.5550	
	KMA—Irrigator, Powered Nasal
874.5840	
Gastroenterology—Urology Panel (21 CFR	KTH—Device, Anti-Stammering
Part 876)	
876.5160	Urological Clamp for Males
	FHA—Clamp, Penile
876.5210	
	FCE—Kit, Enema, (for Cleaning Purpose)
876.5250	Urine Collector and Accessories

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TABLE 1-CLASS I PRODUCTS REQUIRING PREMARKET EVALUATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES, INCLUDED IN SCOPE OF PRODUCT COVERAGE AT BEGINNING OF TRANSITION PERIOD 1-Continued

	21 CFR Section No.	Regulation Name Product Code—Device Name
	General Hospital Panel (21 CFR Part 880) 880.5270	FAQ—Bag, Urine Collection, Leg, for External Use Neonatal Eye Pad
	880.5420	FOK—Pad, Neonatal Eye Pressure Infusor for an I.V. Bag KZD—Infusor, Pressure, for I.V. Bags
	880.5680	Pediatric Position Holder
	880.6250	FRP—Holder, Infant Position Patient Examination Glove LZB—Finger Cot
		FMC—Glove, Patient Examination LYY—Glove, Patient Examination, Latex LZA—Glove, Patient Examination, Poly LZC—Glove, Patient Examination, Speciality LYZ—Glove, Patient Examination, Vinyl
	880.6375	Patient Lubricant KMJ—Lubricant, Patient
	880.6760	Protective Restraint BRT—Restraint, Patient, Conductive FMQ—Restraint, Protective
	Neurology Panel (21 CFR Part 882)	
	882.1030	GWW—Ataxiagraph
		Electroencephalogram (EEG) Signal Spectrum Analyzer GWS—Analyzer, Spectrum, Electroencephalogram Signal
	882.4060	Ventricular Cannula HCD—Cannula, Ventricular
	882.4545	Shunt System Implantation Instrument GYK—Instrument, Shunt System Implantation
	882.4650	
	882.4750	
	Obstetrics and Gynecology Panel (None).	
	Ophthalmology Panel (21 CFR Part 886) 886.1780	Retinoscope
		HKM—Retinoscope, Battery-Powered
	886.1940	HKZ—Sterilizer, Tonometer
	886.4070	Powered Corneal Burr HQS—Burr, Corneal, AC-Powered HOG—Burr, Corneal, Batteny-Powered HRG—Engine, Trephine, Accessories, AC-Powered HFR—Engine, Trephine, Accessories, Battery-Powered
	886.4370	HLD—Engine, Trephine, Accessories, Gas-Powered Keratome HNO—Keratome, AC-Powered
	886.5850	HMY—Keratome, Battery-Powered Sunglasses (Nonprescription)
	Orthopedic Panel (21 CFR Part 888)	HQY—Sunglasses (Nonprescription Including Photosensitive)
	888.1500	KQX—Goniometer, AC-Powered
		KTZ-Caliper
	Physical Medicine Panel (21 CFR Part 890) 890.3850	Mechanical Wheelchair LBE—Stroller, Adaptive
	890.5180	IOR—Wheelchair, Mechanical Manual Patient Rotation Bed
	890.5710	
	Radiology Panel (21 CFR Part 892)	IMD—Pack, Hot or Cold, Disposable
	892.1100	IYX—Camera, Scintillation (Gamma)
	892.1110	IZC—Camera, Positron
	892.1300	
		395
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21 CFR Section No.	Regulation Name
	Product Code—Device Name
	IYW—Scanner, Rectilinear, Nuclear
892.1320	
000 4000	IZD—Probe, Uptake, Nuclear
892.1330	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
892.1410	JAM—Scanner, Whole Body, Nuclear Nuclear Electrocardiograph Synchronizer
892.1410	IVY—Synchronizer, Electrocardiograph Synchronizer
892.1890	
	IXC—Illuminator, Radiographic-Film
	JAG—Illuminator, Radiographic-Film, Explosion-Proof
892.1910	Radiographic Grid
	IXJ—Grid, Radiographic
892.1960	
000 4070	EAM—Screen, Intensifying, Radiographic
892.1970	
892.5650	IXO—Synchronizer, ECG/Respirator, Radiographic Manual Radionuclide Applicator System
092.3030	IWG—System, Applicator, Radionuclide, Manual
General and Plastic Surgery Panel (21 0	
Part 878)	
878.4200	
	KGZ—Accessories, Catheter
	GCE—Adaptor, Catheter
	FGY—Cannula, Injection
	GBA—Catheter, Balloon Type
	GBZ—Catheter, Cholangiography GBQ—Catheter, Continuous Irrigation
	GBQ-Carrieler, Continuous Irrigation GBY-Catheter, Eustachian, General & Plastic Surgery
	JCY—Catheter, Infusion
	GBX—Catheter, Irrigation
	GBP—Catheter, Multiple Lumen
	GBO—Catheter, Nephrostomy, General & Plastic Surgery
	GBN—Catheter, Pediatric, General & Plastic Surgery
	GBW—Catheter, Peritoneal
	GBS—Catheter, Ventricular, General & Plastic Surgery
	GCD—Connector, Catheter
	GCC—Dilator, Catheter
	GCB—Needle, Catheter
878.4320	•
878.4460	FZQ—Clip, Removable (Skin)
878.4400	Surgeon's Gloves KGO—Surgeon's Gloves
878.4680	
070.4000	GCY—Apparatus, Suction, Single Patient Use, Portable, Nonpowered
878.4760	
	GDT—Staple, Removable (Skin)
878.4820	
	ment Motors and Accessories/Attachments
	GFG—Bit, Surgical
	GFA—Blade, Saw, General & Plastic Surgery
	DWH—Blade, Saw, Surgical, Cardiovascular
	BRZ—Board, Arm (With Cover)
	GFE—Brush, Dermabrasion
	GFF—Bur, Surgical, General & Plastic Surgery
	KDG—Chisel (Osteotome) GFD—Dermatome
	GFD-Dermatome GFC-Driver, Surgical, Pin
	GFG-Driver, Surgical, Pin GFB-Head, Surgical, Hammer
	GEY—Motor, Surgical Instrument, AC-Powered
	GET—Motor, Surgical Instrument, Pneumatic Powered
	DWI-Saw, Electrically Powered
	KFK—Saw, Pneumatically Powered
	HAB—Saw, Powered, and Accessories
878.4960	
	Accessories
	396
	000

TABLE 1—CLASS I PRODUCTS REQUIRING PREMARKET EVALUATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES, INCLUDED IN SCOPE OF PRODUCT COVERAGE AT BEGINNING OF TRANSITION PERIOD 1—CONTINUED

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TABLE 1—CLASS I PRODUCTS REQUIRING PREMARKET EVALUATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES, INCLUDED IN SCOPE OF PRODUCT COVERAGE AT BEGINNING OF TRANSITION PERIOD 1—CONTINUED

21 CFR Section No.	Regulation Name	
	Product Code—Device Name	
	GBB—Chair, Surgical, AC-Powered	
	FQO-Table, Operating-Room, AC-Powered	
	GDC—Table, Operating-Room, Electrical	
	FWW—Table, Operating-Room, Pneumatic	
	JEA—Table, Surgical with Orthopedic Accessories, AC-Powered	
880.5090	Liquid Bandage	
	KMF—Bandage, Liquid	

¹Descriptive information on product codes, panel codes, and other medical device identifiers may be viewed on FDA's Internet Web Site at http://www.fda.gov/cdrh/prodcode.html.

TABLE 2—CLASS II MEDICAL DEVICES INCLUDED IN SCOPE OF PRODUCT COVERAGE AT BEGINNING OF TRANSITION PERIOD (UNITED STATES TO DEVELOP GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS IDENTIFYING U.S. RE-QUIREMENTS AND EUROPEAN COMMUNITY (EC) TO IDENTIFY STANDARDS NEEDED TO MEET EC RE-QUIREMENTS)¹

Panel	21 CFR Section No.	Regulation Name
		Product Code—Device Name
RA	892.1000	Magnetic Resonance Diagnostic Device MOS—COIL, Magnetic Resonance, Specialty LNH—System, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Imaging LNI—System, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopic
Diagnostic Ultrasound:		
RA	892.1540	Nonfetal Ultrasonic Monitor JAF—Monitor, Ultrasonic, Nonfetal
RA	892.1550	Ultrasonic Pulsed Doppler Imaging System IYN—System, Imaging, Pulsed Doppler, Ultrasonic
RA	892.1560	
RA	892.1570	
Diagnostic X-Ray Im- aging Devices (ex- cept mammographic x-ray systems):		
	892.1600	Angiographic X-Ray System IZI—System, X-Ray, Angiographic
RA	892.1650	Image-Intensified Fluoroscopic X-Ray System MQB—Solid State X-Ray Imager (Flat Panel/Digital Imager) JAA—System, X-Ray, Fluoroscopic, Image-Intensified
RA	892.1680	
RA	892.1720	
RA	892.1740	Tomographic X-Ray System IZF—System, X-Ray, Tomographic
RA	892.1750	Computed Tomography X-Ray System JAK—System, X-Ray, Tomography, Computed
ECG-Related Devices:		
CV	870.2340	Electrocardiograph DPS—Electrocardiograph MLC—Monitor, ST Segment
CV	870.2350	
CV	870.2360	Electrocardiograph Electrode DRX—Electrode, Electrocardiograph
CV	870.2370	Electrocardiograph Surface Electrode Tester KRC—Tester, Electrode, Surface, Electrocardiographic
NE	882.1400	
НО	880.5725	Infusion Pump (external only)

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TABLE 2—CLASS II MEDICAL DEVICES INCLUDED IN SCOPE OF PRODUCT COVERAGE AT BEGINNING OF TRANSITION PERIOD (UNITED STATES TO DEVELOP GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS IDENTIFYING U.S. RE-QUIREMENTS AND EUROPEAN COMMUNITY (EC) TO IDENTIFY STANDARDS NEEDED TO MEET EC RE-QUIREMENTS) ¹—Continued

	Banal	21 CFR Section No.	Bogulation Name
	Panel		Regulation Name Product Code—Device Name
			MRZ—Accessories, Pump, Infusion FRN—Pump, Infusion
			LZF—Pump, Infusion, Analytical Sampling
			MEB—Pump, Infusion, Elastomeric
			LZH—Pump, Infusion, Enteral MHD—Pump, Infusion, Gallstone Dissolution
			LZG—Pump, Infusion, Insulin
			MEA—Pump, Infusion, PCA
	Ophthalmic Instru- ments:		
		886.1570	. Ophthalmoscope
			HLI—Ophthalmoscope, AC-Powered
			HLJ—Ophthalmoscope, Battery-Powered
	OP	886.1780	. Retinoscope HKL—Retinoscope, AC-Powered
	OP	886.1850	
			HJO—Biomicroscope, Slit-Lamp, AC-Powered
	OP	886.4150	
			MMC—Dilator, Expansive Iris (Accessory) HQE—Instrument, Vitreous Aspiration and Cutting, AC-Powered
			HKP—Instrument, Vitreous Aspiration and Cutting, Act-rowered
			MLZ—Vitrectomy, Instrument Cutter
	OP	886.4670	
	SU	878.4580	HQC—Unit, Phacofragmentation . Surgical Lamp
			HBI-Illuminator, Fiberoptic, Surgical Field
			FTF—Illuminator, Nonremote
			FTG—Illuminator, Remote HJE—Lamp, Fluorescein, AC-Powered
			FQP—Lamp, Operating-Room
			FTD—Lamp, Surgical
			GBC-Lamp, Surgical, Incandescent
			FTA—Light, Surgical, Accessories FSZ—Light, Surgical, Carrier
			FSY—Light, Surgical, Ceiling Mounted
			FSX—Light, Surgical, Connector
			FSW—Light, Surgical, Endoscopic FST—Light, Surgical, Fiberoptic
			FSS—Light, Surgical, Floor Standing
			FSQ-Light, Surgical, Instrument
	NE	882.5890	. Transcutaneous Electrical Nerve Stimulator for Pain Relief GZJ—Stimulator, Nerve, Transcutaneous, For Pain Relief
			Noninvasive Blood Pressure Measurement Devices:
	CV	870.1120	. Blood Pressure Cuff
	<u></u>	070 1100	DXQ—Cuff, Blood-Pressure
	CV	870.1130	. Noninvasive Blood Pressure Measurement System (except nonoscillometric)
			DXN—System, Measurement, Blood-Pressure, Noninvasive
	НО	880.6880	
	Clinical Thermometers:		FLE—Sterilizer, Steam
		880.2910	. Clinical Electronic Thermometer (except tympanic or pacifier)
	A	000 5000	FLL—Thermometer, Electronic, Clinical
	AN	868.5630	. Nebulizer CAF—Nebulizer (Direct Patient Interface)
	Hypodermic Needles		
	and Syringes (ex-		
	cept antistick and self-destruct):		
		880.5570	. Hypodermic Single Lumen Needle
с. Ш			MMK—Container, Sharpes
			FMI—Needle, Hypodermic, Single Lumen MHC—Port, Intraosseous, Implanted
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TABLE 2—CLASS II MEDICAL DEVICES INCLUDED IN SCOPE OF PRODUCT COVERAGE AT BEGINNING OF TRANSITION PERIOD (UNITED STATES TO DEVELOP GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS IDENTIFYING U.S. RE-QUIREMENTS AND EUROPEAN COMMUNITY (EC) TO IDENTIFY STANDARDS NEEDED TO MEET EC RE-QUIREMENTS) ¹—Continued

Panel	21 CFR Section No.	Regulation Name
		Product Code—Device Name
		FMF—Syringe, Piston
Selected Dental Mate- rials:		
DE	872.3060	Gold-Based Alloys and Precious Metal Alloys for Clinical Use EJT—Alloy, Gold Based, For Clinical Use EJS—Alloy, Precious Metal, For Clinical Use
DE	872.3200	Resin Tooth Bonding Agent KLE—Agent, Tooth Bonding, Resin
DE	872.3275	Dental Cement EMA—Cement, Dental EMB—Zinc Oxide Eugenol
DE	872.3660	Impression Material ELW—Material, Impression
DE	872.3690	Tooth Shade Resin Material EBF—Material, Tooth Shade, Resin
DE	872.3710	Base Metal Alloy EJH—Metal, Base
Latex Condoms:		
OB	884.5300	Condom HIS—Condom

¹Descriptive information on product codes, panel codes, and other medical device identifiers may be viewed on FDA's Internet Web Site at http://www.fda.gov/cdrh/prodcode.html.

TABLE 3—MEDICAL DEVICES FOR POSSIBLE INCLUSION IN SCOPE OF PRODUCT COVERAGE DURIN	Э
OPERATIONAL PERIOD ¹	

Product Family	t Family 21 CFR Section No Device Name		Tier
Anesthesiology Panel			
Anesthesia Devices	868.5160	Gas machine for anesthesia or analgesia	2
	868.5270	Breathing system heater	2
	868.5440	Portable oxygen generator	2
	868.5450	Respiratory gas humidifier	2
	868.5630	Nebulizer	2
	868.5710	Electrically powered oxygen tent	2
	868.5880	Anesthetic vaporizer	2
Gas Analyser	868.1040	Powered Algesimeter	2
	868.1075	Argon gas analyzer	2
	868.1400	Carbon dioxide gas analyzer	2
	868.1430	Carbon monoxide gas analyzer	2
	868.1500	Enflurane gas analyzer	2
	868.1620	Halothane gas analyzer	2
	868.1640	Helium gas analyzer	2
	868.1670	Neon gas analyzer	2
	868.1690	Nitrogen gas analyzer	2
	868.1700	Nitrous oxide gas analyzer	2
	868.1720	Oxygen gas analyzer	2
	868.1730	Oxygen uptake computer	2
Peripheral Nerve Stimulators	868.2775	Electrical peripheral nerve stimulator	2
Respiratory Monitoring	868.1750	Pressure plethysmograph	2

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TABLE 3—MEDICAL DEVICES FOR POSSIBLE INCLUSION IN SCOPE OF PRODUCT COVERAGE DURING	
OPERATIONAL PERIOD 1—Continued	

Product Family	21 CFR Section No	Device Name	Tie
	868.1760	Volume plethysmograph	2
	868.1780	Inspiratory airway pressure meter	2
	868.1800	Rhinoanemometer	2
	868.1840	Diagnostic spirometer	2
	868.1850	Monitoring spirometer	2
	868.1860	Peak-flow meter for spirometry	2
	868.1880	Pulmonary-function data calculator	2
	868.1890	Predictive pulmonary-function value calculator	2
	868.1900	Diagnostic pulmonary-function interpretation calculator	2
	868.2025	Ultrasonic air embolism monitor	2
	868.2375	Breathing frequency monitor (except apnea detectors)	2
	868.2480	Cutaneous carbon dioxide (PcCO ₂) monitor	2
	868.2500	Cutaneous oxygen monitor (for an infant not under gas an- esthesia).	2
	868.2550	Pneumotachomometer	2
	868.2600	Airway pressure monitor	2
	868.5665	Powered percussor	2
	868.5690	Incentive spirometer	2
Ventilator	868.5905	Noncontinuous ventilator (IPPB)	2
	868.5925	Powered emergency ventilator	2
	868.5935	External negative pressure ventilator	2
	868.5895	Continuous ventilator	2
	868.5955	Intermittent mandatory ventilation attachment	2
	868.6250	Portable air compressor	2
ardiovascular Panel		· ···· · · · · · ·	
Cardiovascular Diagnostic	870.1425	Programmable diagnostic computer	2
0	870.1450	Densitometer	2
	870.2310	Apex cardiograph (vibrocardiograph)	2
	870.2320	Ballistocardiograph	2
	870.2340	Electrocardiograph	2
	870.2350	Electrocardiograph lead switching adaptor	1
	870.2360	Electrocardiograph electrode	2
	870.2370	Electrocardiograph surface electrode tester	2
	870.2400	Vectorcardiograph	1
	870.2450	Medical cathode-ray tube display	1
	870.2675	Oscillometer	2
	870.2840	Apex cardiographic transducer	2
	870.2860	Heart sound transducer	2
Cardiovascular Monitoring		Valve, pressure relief, cardiopulmonary bypass.	-

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TABLE 3—MEDICAL DEVICES FOR POSSIBLE INCLUSION IN SCOPE OF PRODUCT COVERAGE DURING

Product Family	21 CFR Section No	Device Name
	870.1100	Blood pressure alarm
	870.1110	
	870.1120	
	870.1130	•
	870.1140	
	870.1220	
	870.1270	
	870.1875	Stethoscope (electronic)
	870.2050	,
	870.2060	a
	870.2100	
	870.2120	
	870.2300	Cardiac monitor (including cardiotachometer and rate alarm).
	870.2700	Oximeter
	870.2710	
	870.2750	
	870.2770	
	870.2780	Hydraulic, pneumatic, or photoelectric plethysmographs
	870.2850	Extravascular blood pressure transducer
	870.2870	Catheter tip pressure transducer
	870.2880	
	870.2890	
	870.2900	
		nector).
		Radiofrequency physiological signal transmitter and re- ceiver.
	870.2920	Telephone electrocardiograph transmitter and receiver
	870.4205	Cardiopulmonary bypass bubble detector
	870.4220	Cardiopulmonary bypass heart-lung machine console
	870.4240	
	870.4250	
		1 3 31 1
	870.4300	
	870.4310	
	870.4330	Cardiopulmonary bypass on-line blood gas monitor
	870.4340	Cardiopulmonary bypass level sensing monitor and/or con- trol.
	870.4370	Roller-type cardiopulmonary bypass blood pump
	870.4380	
	870.4410	
O and i and a state of The second state		
Cardiovascular Therapeutic	870.5050	
	870.5900	0,
Defibrillator	870.5300	DC-defibrillator (including paddles)
	870.5325	Defibrillator tester
Echocardiograph	870.2330	
Pacemaker & Accessories	870.1750	
Facellakel & Accessolles		
	870.3630	Pacemaker generator function analyzer
	870.3640	, ,
	870.3720	Pacemaker electrode function tester
Miscellaneous	870.1800	Withdrawal-infusion pump
	870.2800	Medical magnetic tape recorder
Dental Panel	None	Batteries, rechargeable, class II devices.
Dental Equipment		Pulp tester
		Caries detection device
		Bone cutting instrument and accessories
	872.4465	Gas-powered jet injector
	872.4475	Spring-powered jet injector
	872.4600	Intraoral ligature and wire lock
	872.4840	5
	872.4850	
	872.4920	Dental electrosurgical unit and accessories
	872.6070	Ultraviolet activator for polymerization
	872.6350	
Dental Material	872.3050	Amalgam alloy
		401
		101

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TABLE 3—MEDICAL DEVICES FOR POSSIBLE INCLUSION IN SCOPE OF PRODUCT COVERAGE DURING	
OPERATIONAL PERIOD 1—Continued	

Product Family	21 CFR Section No	Device Name	٦
	872.3060		
	872.3200		
	872.3250		
	872.3260		
	872.3275		
	872.3300		
	872.3310		
	872.3590		
	872.3660		
	872.3690		
	872.3710		
	872.3750		
	872.3760		
	872.3765		
	872.3770		
	872.3820		
	872.3920		
Dental X-ray			
	872.1810		
Dental Implants	872.4880		
	872.3890		
Orthodontic	872.5470	Orthodontic plastic bracket	
Ear/Nose/Throat Panel			
Diagnostic Equipment	874.1050		
	874.1090		
	874.1120	Electronic noise generator for audiometric testing	
	874.1325		
	874.1820		
Hearing Aids	874.3300		
v		Hearing aid calibrator and analysis system	
	874.3320		
	874.3330		
Surgical Equipment	874.4250		
3 4 4 4		Argon laser for otology, rhinology, and laryngology	
Gastroenterology/Urology Panel	874.4500		
Endoscope (including	876 1500	Endoscope and accessories	
angioscopes, laparscopes,	0/0.1000		
ophthalmic endoscopes).	876.4300	Endoscopic electrosurgical unit and accessories	
Contractoralem			
Gastroenterology Hemodialysis	876.1725 876.5600	Sorbent regenerated dialysate delivery system for hemo-	
		dialysis.	
	876.5630		
	876.5665		
	876.5820		
	876.5830	Hemodialyzer with disposable insert (kiil-type)	
Lithotriptor	876.4500	Mechanical lithotriptor	
Urology Equipment	876.1620	Urodynamics measurement system	
0, 11	876.5320		
	876.5880		
		sories.	
General Hospital Panel			
Infusion Pumps and Systems	880.2420		
	880.2460		
	880.5430		
	880.5725	Infusion pump	
Neonatal Incubators		Neonatal incubator	
	880.5410	Neonatal transport incubator	
		Neonatal phototherapy unit	
Piston Syringes		Hypodermic single lumen needle	
	880.5860		
	880.6920		
Miscellaneous	880.2910		
111305110115003		Clinical mercury thermometer	
	880.5100		
	880.5500		
	880.6880	Steam sterilizer (greater than 2 cubic feet)	
Neurology Panel			
	882.1020		
	882.1610		
Neuro-Diagnostic	882.1320	Cutaneous electrode	
		402	

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TABLE 3—MEDICAL DEVICES FOR POSSIBLE INCLUSION IN SCOPE OF PRODUCT COVERAGE DURING
OPERATIONAL PERIOD ¹ —Continued

Product Family	21 CFR Section No	Device Name
	882.1340	Nasopharyngeal electrode
	882.1350	
	882.1400	
	882.1460	
	882.1480	Neurological endoscope
	882.1540	Galvanic skin response measurement device
	882.1550	Nerve conduction velocity measurement device
	882.1560	Skin potential measurement device
	882.1570	
	882.1620	
	882.1835	
	882.1845	
	882.1855	
Esta a secola de se	882.5050	
Echoencephalography		
RPG		
Neuro Surgery		
	882.4305	Powered compound cranial drills, burrs, trephines, and
	882.4310	their accessories. Powered simple cranial drills burrs, trephines, and their ac-
	882.4360	cessories. Electric cranial drill motor
	882.4370	
	882.4560	
	882.4725	······································
	882.4845	
	882.5500	
Stimulators		
	882.1880	Evoked response mechanical stimulator
	882.1890	Evoked response photic stimulator
	882.1900	
	882.1950	
	882.5890	
Obstetrics/Gynecology Panel	002.0000	
Fetal Monitoring		Transcervical endoscope (amnioscope) and accessories
retai Montoning	884.1690	
	884.2225	
	884.2600	
	884.2640	
	884.2660	Fetal ultrasonic monitor and accessories
	884.2675	Fetal scalp circular (spiral) electrode and applicator
	884.2700	
	884.2720	
	884.2740	
	884.2960	
Gynecological Surgery ment.		
mon.	884.4160	Unipolar endoscopic coagulator-cutter and accessories
	884.4550	
	884.4120	
	884.5300	Condom
Ophthalmic Implants		Eye sphere implant
Contact Lens		
	886.5916	
Diagnostic Equipment		3 · 5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	886.1220	
	886.1250	
	886.1360	
	886.1510	Eye movement monitor
	886.1570	Ophthalmoscope
		AC-powered photostimulator
	886.1640	
	886.1670	
	886.1780	
		AC-powered slit lamp biomicroscope
	886.1930	Tonometer and accessories
	886.1945	
	886.3130	
(Disconstic/Surger, Fruit-		
(Diagnostic/Surgery Equip		
Ophthalmic Implants		
	886.3800	
Surgical Equipment		
		403
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TABLE 3—MEDICAL DEVICES FOR POSSIBLE INCLUSION IN SCOPE OF PRODUCT COVERAGE DURING	
OPERATIONAL PERIOD 1—Continued	

Product Family	21 CFR Section No	Device Name	Т
	886.3100	Ophthalmic tantalum clip	
	886.3300		
	886.4100	······································	
	886.4115		
	886.4150		
	886.4170		
	886.4250		
	886.4335		
	886.4390		
	886.4392	Nd:YAG laser for posterior capsulotomy	
	886.4400	Electronic metal locator	
	886.4440		
	886.4610		
	886.4690		
	886.4790		
	886.5100		
Orthonordia Daniel	none	Ophthalmoscopes, replacement batteries, hand-held	
Orthopedic Panel	000 0010	Dana fivation coreland	
Implants	888.3010		
	888.3020		
	888.3030	Single/multiple component metallic bone fixation appliances and accessories.	
	888.3040		
	888.3050		
	888.3060		
Ormainal Environment			
Surgical Equipment		AC-powered dynamometer	
	888.4580	- - - - - - - - -	
	none		
	none	Accessories, fixation, spinal intervertebral body	
	none	Monitor, pressure, intracompartmental	
	none		
	none		
	none		
Physical Medicine Panel		•	
Diagnostic Equipment or (Ther- apy) Therapeutic Equipment.	890.1225		
	890.1375		
	890.1385		
	890.1450	Powered reflex hammer	
	890.1850	Diagnostic muscle stimulator	
or (Therapy)	890.5850		
Therapeutic Equipment	890.5100		
	890.5110		
	890.5500		
	890.5720 890.5740		
Radiology Panel			
MRI	892.1000	Magnetic resonance diagnostic device	
Ultrasound Diagnostic	884.2660	Fetal ultrasonic monitor and accessories	
3	892.1540		
	892.1560		
	892.1570		
	892.1550		
Angiographic	892.1600	Angiographic x-ray system	
Diagnostic X-Ray		Diagnostic x-ray beam-limiting device	
Blaghoodo Ar hay himminin	892.1620		
	892.1630		
		Image-intensified fluoroscopic x-ray system	
	892.1670		
	892.1680	Stationary x-ray system	
	892.1710		
		Mobile x-ray system	
	892.1740		
		Pneumoencephalographic chair	
	892.1850		
	892.1860	Radiographic film/cassette changer	
	892.1870		
	892.1900		
	892.1980		
CT Scanner Radiation Therapy	892.1750 892.5050		
		404	
		101	

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TABLE 3—MEDICAL DEVICES FOR POSSIBLE INCLUSION IN SCOPE OF PRODUCT COVERAGE DURING OPERATIONAL PERIOD 1—Continued

Product Family	21 CFR Section No	Device Name	Tier
	892.5300	Medical neutron radiation therapy system	2
	892.5700	Remote controlled radionuclide applicator system	2
	892.5710	Radiation therapy beam-shaping block	2
	892.5730	Radionuclide brachytherapy source	2
	892.5750	Radionuclide radiation therapy system	2
	892.5770	Powered radiation therapy patient support assembly	2
	892.5840	Radiation therapy simulation system	2
	892.5930	Therapeutic x-ray tube housing assembly	1
Nuclear Medicine	892.1170	Bone densitometer	2
	892.1200	Emission computed tomography system	2
	892.1310	Nuclear tomography system	1
	892.1390	Radionuclide rebreathing system	2
General/Plastic Surgery Panel		······································	_
Surgical Lamps	878.4630	Ultraviolet lamp for dermatologic disorders	2
	890.5500	Infrared lamp	2
	878.4580	Surgical lamp	2
Electrosurgical Cutting Equip-	878.4810	Laser surgical instrument for use in general and plastic sur-	2
ment.	0/0/10/0	gery and in dermatology.	-
mont	878.4400	Electrosurgical cutting and coagulation device and accessories.	2
Miscellaneous	878.4780	Powered suction pump	2

¹Descriptive information on product codes, panel codes, and other medical device identifiers may be viewed on FDA's Internet Web Site at http://www.fda.gov/cdrh/prodcode.html.

[63 FR 60141, Nov. 6, 1998; 64 FR 16348, Apr. 5, 1999]

APPENDIXES C-F TO SUBPART B OF PART 26 [RESERVED]

Subpart C—"Framework" Provisions

§26.60 Definitions.

(a) The following terms and definitions shall apply to this subpart only:

(1) Designating Authority means a body with power to designate, monitor, suspend, remove suspension of, or withdraw conformity assessment bodies as specified under this part.

(2) *Designation* means the identification by a designating authority of a conformity assessment body to perform conformity assessment procedures under this part.

(3) Regulatory Authority means a government agency or entity that exercises a legal right to control the use or sale of products within a party's jurisdiction and may take enforcement action to ensure that products marketed within its jurisdiction comply with legal requirements.

(b) Other terms concerning conformity assessment used in this part shall have the meaning given elsewhere in this part or in the definitions contained in "Guide 2: Standardization and Related Activities-General Vocabulary of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and the International Electrotechnical Com-mission (IEC)" (ISO/IEC Guide 2) (1996 edition), which is incorporated by reference in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies are available from the International Organization for Standardization, 1, rue de Varembé, Case postale 56, CH-1211 Genève 20, Switzerland, or on the Internet at http://www.iso.ch or may be examined at the Food and Drug Administration's Medical Library, 5600 Fishers Lane, rm. 11B-40, Rockville, MD 20857, or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or http://www.archives.gov/fedgo to: eral register/code of federal regulations/ ibr locations.html. In the event of an inconsistency between the ISO/IEC Guide 2 and definitions in this part, the definitions in this part shall prevail.

§26.61 Purpose of this part.

This part specifies the conditions by which each party will accept or recognize results of conformity assessment procedures, produced by the other party's conformity assessment bodies

§26.62

(CAB's) or authorities, in assessing conformity to the importing party's requirements, as specified on a sectorspecific basis in subparts A and B of this part, and to provide for other related cooperative activities. The objective of such mutual recognition is to provide effective market access throughout the territories of the parties with regard to conformity assessment for all products covered under this part. If any obstacles to such access arise, consultations will promptly be held. In the absence of a satisfactory outcome of such consultations, the party alleging its market access has been denied may, within 90 days of such consultation, invoke its right to terminate the "Agreement on Mutual Recognition Between the United States of America and the European Community," from which this part is derived, in accordance with §26.80.

§26.62 General obligations.

(a) The United States shall, as specified in subparts A and B of this part, accept or recognize results of specified procedures, used in assessing conformity to specified legislative, regulatory, and administrative provisions of the United States, produced by the other party's conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) and/or authorities.

(b) The European Community (EC) and its Member States shall, as specified in subparts A and B of this part, accept or recognize results of specified procedures, used in assessing conformity to specified legislative, regulatory, and administrative provisions of the EC and its Member States, produced by the other party's CAB's and/ or authorities.

(c) Where sectoral transition arrangements have been specified in subparts A and B of this part, the obligations in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section will apply following the successful completion of those sectoral transition arrangements, with the understanding that the conformity assessment procedures utilized assure conformity to the satisfaction of the receiving party, with applicable legislative, regulatory, and administrative provisions of that party, equivalent to the assurance offered by the receiving party's own procedures.

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§26.63 General coverage of this part.

(a) This part applies to conformity assessment procedures for products and/or processes and to other related cooperative activities as described in this part.

(b) Subparts A and B of this part may include:

(1) A description of the relevant legislative, regulatory, and administrative provisions pertaining to the conformity assessment procedures and technical regulations;

(2) A statement on the product scope and coverage;

(3) A list of designating authorities;

(4) A list of agreed conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) or authorities or a source from which to obtain a list of such bodies or authorities and a statement of the scope of the conformity assessment procedures for which each has been agreed;

(5) The procedures and criteria for designating the CAB's;

(6) A description of the mutual recognition obligations;

(7) A sectoral transition arrangement;

(8) The identity of a sectoral contact point in each party's territory; and

(9) A statement regarding the establishment of a Joint Sectoral Committee.

(c) This part shall not be construed to entail mutual acceptance of standards or technical regulations of the parties and, unless otherwise specified in subpart A or B of this part, shall not entail the mutual recognition of the equivalence of standards or technical regulations.

§26.64 Transitional arrangements.

The parties agree to implement the transitional commitments on confidence building as specified in subparts A and B of this part.

(a) The parties agree that each sectoral transitional arrangement shall specify a time period for completion.

(b) The parties may amend any transitional arrangement by mutual agreement.

(c) Passage from the transitional phase to the operational phase shall proceed as specified in subparts A and B of this part, unless either party documents that the conditions provided in

such subpart for a successful transition are not met.

§26.65 Designating authorities.

The parties shall ensure that the designating authorities specified in subpart B of this part have the power and competence in their respective territories to carry out decisions under this part to designate, monitor, suspend, remove suspension of, or withdraw conformity assessment bodies (CAB's).

§26.66 Designation and listing procedures.

The following procedures shall apply with regard to the designation of conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) and the inclusion of such bodies in the list of CAB's in subpart B of this part:

(a) The designating authority identified in subpart B of this part shall designate CAB's in accordance with the procedures and criteria set forth in subpart B of this part;

(b) A party proposing to add a CAB to the list of such bodies in subpart B of this part shall forward its proposal of one or more designated CAB's in writing to the other party with a view to a decision by the Joint Committee;

(c) Within 60 days following receipt of the proposal, the other party shall indicate its position regarding either its confirmation or its opposition. Upon confirmation, the inclusion in subpart B of this part of the proposed CAB or CAB's shall take effect; and

(d) In the event that the other party contests on the basis of documented evidence the technical competence or compliance of a proposed CAB, or indicates in writing that it requires an additional 30 days to more fully verify such evidence, such CAB shall not be included on the list of CAB's in subpart B of this part. In this instance, the Joint Committee may decide that the body concerned be verified. After the completion of such verification, the proposal to list the CAB in subpart B may be resubmitted to the other party.

§ 26.67 Suspension of listed conformity assessment bodies.

The following procedures shall apply with regard to the suspension of a conformity assessment body (CAB) listed in subpart B of this part. (a) A party shall notify the other party of its contestation of the technical competence or compliance of a CAB listed in subpart B of this part and the contesting party's intent to suspend such CAB. Such contestation shall be exercised when justified in an objective and reasoned manner in writing to the other party;

(b) The CAB shall be given prompt notice by the other party and an opportunity to present information in order to refute the contestation or to correct the deficiencies which form the basis of the contestation;

(c) Any such contestation shall be discussed between the parties in the Joint Sectoral Committee described in subpart B of this part. If there is no Joint Sectoral Committee, the contesting party shall refer the matter directly to the Joint Committee. If agreement to suspend is reached by the Joint Sectoral Committee or, if there is no Joint Sectoral Committee, by the Joint Committee, the CAB shall be suspended;

(d) Where the Joint Sectoral Committee or Joint Committee decides that verification of technical competence or compliance is required, it shall normally be carried out in a timely manner by the party in whose territory the body in question is located, but may be carried out jointly by the parties in justified cases;

(e) If the matter has not been resolved by the Joint Sectoral Committee within 10 days of the notice of contestation, the matter shall be referred to the Joint Committee for a decision. If there is no Joint Sectoral Committee, the matter shall be referred directly to the Joint Committee. If no decision is reached by the Joint Committee within 10 days of the referral to it, the CAB shall be suspended upon the request of the contesting party;

(f) Upon the suspension of a CAB listed in subpart B of this part, a party is no longer obligated to accept or recognize the results of conformity assessment procedures performed by that CAB subsequent to suspension. A party shall continue to accept the results of conformity assessment procedures performed by that CAB prior to suspension, unless a regulatory authority of the party decides otherwise based on health, safety or environmental considerations or failure to satisfy other requirements within the scope of subpart B of this part; and

(g) The suspension shall remain in effect until agreement has been reached by the parties upon the future status of that body.

§ 26.68 Withdrawal of listed conformity assessment bodies.

The following procedures shall apply with regard to the withdrawal from subpart B of this part of a conformity assessment body (CAB):

(a) A party proposing to withdraw a CAB listed in subpart B of this part shall forward its proposal in writing to the other party;

(b) Such CAB shall be promptly notified by the other party and shall be provided a period of at least 30 days from receipt to provide information in order to refute or to correct the deficiencies which form the basis of the proposed withdrawal;

(c) Within 60 days following receipt of the proposal, the other party shall indicate its position regarding either its confirmation or its opposition. Upon confirmation, the withdrawal from the list in subpart B of this part of the CAB shall take effect;

(d) In the event the other party opposes the proposal to withdraw by supporting the technical competence and compliance of the CAB, the CAB shall not at that time be withdrawn from the list of CAB's in subpart B of this part. In this instance, the Joint Sectoral Committee or the Joint Committee may decide to carry out a joint verification of the body concerned. completion After the of such verification, the proposal for withdrawal of the CAB may be resubmitted to the other party; and

(e) Subsequent to the withdrawal of a CAB listed in subpart B of this part, a party shall continue to accept the results of conformity assessment procedures performed by that CAB prior to withdrawal, unless a regulatory authority of the party decides otherwise based on health, safety, and environmental considerations or failure to satisfy other requirements within the scope of subpart B of this part.

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§26.69 Monitoring of conformity assessment bodies.

The following shall apply with regard to the monitoring of conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) listed in subpart B of this part:

(a) Designating authorities shall assure that their CAB's listed in subpart B of this part are capable and remain capable of properly assessing conformity of products or processes, as applicable, and as covered in subpart B of this part. In this regard, designating authorities shall maintain, or cause to maintain, ongoing surveillance over their CAB's by means of regular audit or assessment;

(b) The parties undertake to compare methods used to verify that the CAB's listed in subpart B of this part comply with the relevant requirements of subpart B of this part. Existing systems for the evaluation of CAB's may be used as part of such comparison procedures;

(c) Designating authorities shall consult as necessary with their counterparts, to ensure the maintenance of confidence in conformity assessment procedures. With the consent of both parties, this consultation may include joint participation in audits/inspections related to conformity assessment activities or other assessments of CAB's listed in subpart B of this part; and

(d) Designating authorities shall consult, as necessary, with the relevant regulatory authorities of the other party to ensure that all technical requirements are identified and are satisfactorily addressed.

§26.70 Conformity assessment bodies.

Each party recognizes that the conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) listed in subpart B of this part fulfill the conditions of eligibility to assess conformity in relation to its requirements as specified in subpart B of this part. The parties shall specify the scope of the conformity assessment procedures for which such bodies are listed.

§26.71 Exchange of information.

(a) The parties shall exchange information concerning the implementation

of the legislative, regulatory, and administrative provisions identified in subparts A and B of this part.

(b) Each party shall notify the other party of legislative, regulatory, and administrative changes related to the subject matter of this part at least 60 days before their entry into force. Where considerations of safety, health or environmental protection require more urgent action, a party shall notify the other party as soon as practicable.

(c) Each party shall promptly notify the other party of any changes to its designating authorities and/or conformity assessment bodies (CAB's).

(d) The parties shall exchange information concerning the procedures used to ensure that the listed CAB's under their responsibility comply with the legislative, regulatory, and administrative provisions outlined in subpart B of this part.

(e) Regulatory authorities identified in subparts A and B of this part shall consult as necessary with their counterparts, to ensure the maintenance of confidence in conformity assessment procedures and to ensure that all technical requirements are identified and are satisfactorily addressed.

§26.72 Sectoral contact points.

Each party shall appoint and confirm in writing contact points to be responsible for activities under subparts A and B of this part.

§26.73 Joint Committee.

(a) A Joint Committee consisting of representatives of the United States and the European Community (EC) will be established. The Joint Committee shall be responsible for the effective functioning of the "Agreement on Mutual Recognition Between the United States of America and the European Community," from which this part is derived.

(b) The Joint Committee may establish Joint Sectoral Committees comprised of appropriate regulatory authorities and others deemed necessary.

(c) The United States and the EC shall each have one vote in the Joint Committee. The Joint Committee shall make its decisions by unanimous consent. The Joint Committee shall determine its own rules and procedures.

(d) The Joint Committee may consider any matter relating to the effective functioning of that agreement. In particular it shall be responsible for:

(1) Listing, suspension, withdrawal and verification of conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) in accordance with that agreement;

(2) Amending transitional arrangements in the sectoral annexes to that agreement;

(3) Resolving any questions relating to the application of that agreement not otherwise resolved in the respective Joint Sectoral Committees;

(4) Providing a forum for discussion of issues that may arise concerning the implementation of that agreement;

(5) Considering ways to enhance the operation of that agreement;

(6) Coordinating the negotiation of additional sectoral annexes to that agreement; and

(7) Considering whether to amend that agreement in accordance with §26.80.

(e) When a party introduces new or additional conformity assessment procedures affecting a sectoral annex to that agreement, the parties shall discuss the matter in the Joint Committee with a view to bringing such new or additional procedures within the scope of that agreement and the relevant sectoral annex.

§26.74 Preservation of regulatory authority.

(a) Nothing in this part shall be construed to limit the authority of a party to determine, through its legislative, regulatory, and administrative measures, the level of protection it considers appropriate for safety; for protection of human, animal, or plant life or health; for the environment; for consumers; and otherwise with regard to risks within the scope of the applicable subpart A or B of this part.

(b) Nothing in this part shall be construed to limit the authority of a regulatory authority to take all appropriate and immediate measures whenever it ascertains that a product may:

(1) Compromise the health or safety of persons in its territory;

(2) Not meet the legislative, regulatory, or administrative provisions within the scope of the applicable subpart A or B of this part; or

(3) Otherwise fail to satisfy a requirement within the scope of the applicable subpart A or B of this part. Such measures may include withdrawing the products from the market, prohibiting their placement on the market, restricting their free movement, initiating a product recall, and preventing the recurrence of such problems, including through a prohibition on imports. If the regulatory authority takes such action, it shall inform its counterpart authority and the other party within 15 days of taking such action, providing its reasons.

§26.75 Suspension of recognition obligations.

Either party may suspend its obligations under subpart A or B of this part, in whole or in part, if:

(a) A party suffers a loss of market access for the party's products within the scope of subpart A or B of this part as a result of the failure of the other party to fulfill its obligations under this part;

(b) The adoption of new or additional conformity assessment requirements as referenced in §26.73(e) results in a loss of market access for the party's products within the scope of subpart B of this part because conformity assessment bodies (CAB's) designated by the party in order to meet such requirements have not been recognized by the party implementing the requirements; or

(c) The other party fails to maintain legal and regulatory authorities capable of implementing the provisions of this part.

§26.76 Confidentiality.

(a) Each party agrees to maintain, to the extent required under its laws, the confidentiality of information exchanged under this part.

(b) In particular, neither party shall disclose to the public, nor permit a conformity assessment body (CAB) to disclose to the public, information exchanged under this part that constitutes trade secrets, confidential commercial or financial information, 21 CFR Ch. I (4-1-23 Edition)

or information that relates to an ongoing investigation.

(c) A party or a CAB may, upon exchanging information with the other party or with a CAB of the other party, designate the portions of the information that it considers to be exempt from disclosure.

(d) Each party shall take all precautions reasonably necessary to protect information exchanged under this part from unauthorized disclosure.

§26.77 Fees.

Each party shall endeavor to ensure that fees imposed for services under this part shall be commensurate with the services provided. Each party shall ensure that, for the sectors and conformity assessment procedures covered under this part, it shall charge no fees with respect to conformity assessment services provided by the other party.

§26.78 Agreements with other countries.

Except where there is written agreement between the parties, obligations contained in mutual recognition agreements concluded by either party with a party not a party to the agreement from which this part is derived (a third party) shall have no force and effect with regard to the other party in terms of acceptance of the results of conformity assessment procedures in the third party.

§26.79 Territorial application.

The agreement from which this part is derived shall apply, on the one hand, to the territories in which the Treaty establishing the European Community (EC) is applied, and under the conditions laid down in that Treaty and, on the other hand, to the territory of the United States.

§ 26.80 Entry into force, amendment, and termination.

(a) The "Agreement on Mutual Recognition Between the United States of America and the European Community," from which this part is derived, including its sectoral annexes on telecommunication equipment, electromagnetic compatibility, electrical safety, recreational craft, pharmaceutical Good Manufacturing Practices

(GMP) inspections, and medical devices shall enter into force on the first day of the second month following the date on which the parties have exchanged letters confirming the completion of their respective procedures for the entry into force of that agreement.

(b) That agreement including any sectoral annex may, through the Joint Committee, be amended in writing by the parties to that agreement. Those parties may add a sectoral annex upon the exchange of letters. Such annex shall enter into force 30 days following the date on which those parties have exchanged letters confirming the completion of their respective procedures for the entry into force of the sectoral annex.

(c) Either party to that agreement may terminate that agreement in its entirety or any individual sectoral annex thereof by giving the other party to that agreement 6-months notice in writing. In the case of termination of one or more sectoral annexes, the parties to that agreement will seek to achieve by consensus to amend that agreement, with a view to preserving the remaining Sectoral Annexes, in accordance with the procedures in this section. Failing such consensus, that agreement shall terminate at the end of 6 months from the date of notice.

(d) Following termination of that agreement in its entirety or any individual sectoral annex thereof, a party to that agreement shall continue to accept the results of conformity assessment procedures performed by conformity assessment bodies under that agreement prior to termination, unless a regulatory authority in the party decides otherwise based on health, safety and environmental considerations or failure to satisfy other requirements within the scope of the applicable sectoral annex.

§26.81 Final provisions.

(a) The sectoral annexes referred to in §26.80(a), as well as any new sectoral annexes added pursuant to §26.80(b), shall form an integral part of the "Agreement on Mutual Recognition Between the United States of America and the European Community," from which this part is derived. (b) For a given product or sector, the provisions contained in subparts A and B of this part shall apply in the first place, and the provisions of subpart C of this part in addition to those provisions. In the case of any inconsistency between the provisions of subpart A or B of this part and subpart C of this part, subpart A or B shall prevail, to the extent of that inconsistency.

(c) The agreement from which this part is derived shall not affect the rights and obligations of the parties under any other international agreement.

(d) In the case of subpart B of this part, the parties shall review the status of such subpart at the end of 3 years from the date described in $\S26.80(a)$.

PART 50—PROTECTION OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

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